Visions and tools and how we use or want to use them?





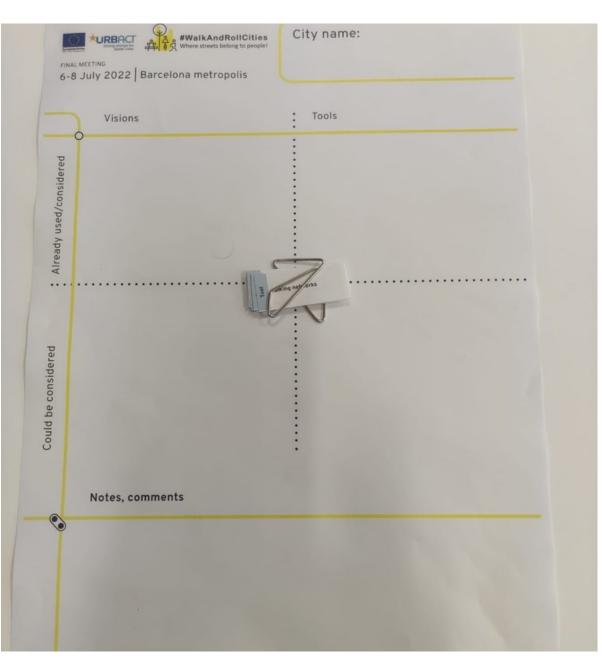


How relevant are the VISIONS and TOOLS we discussed yesterday for us?

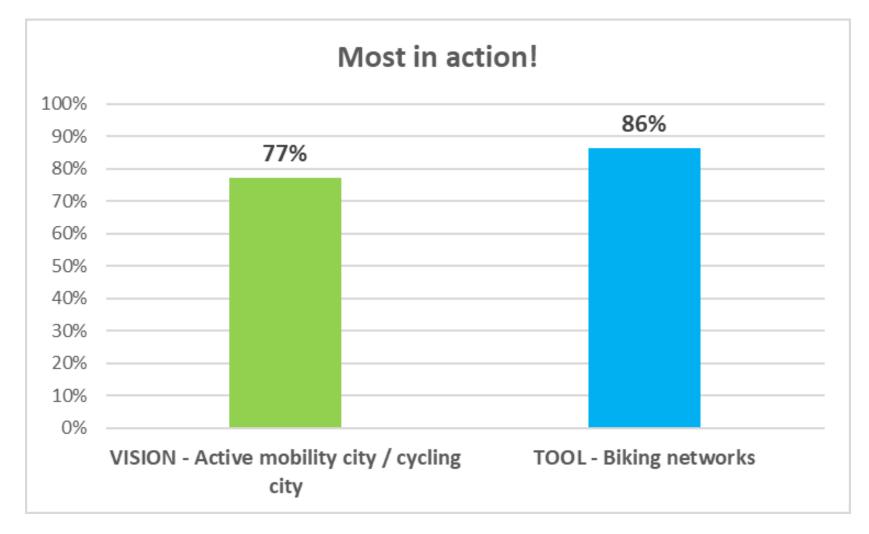




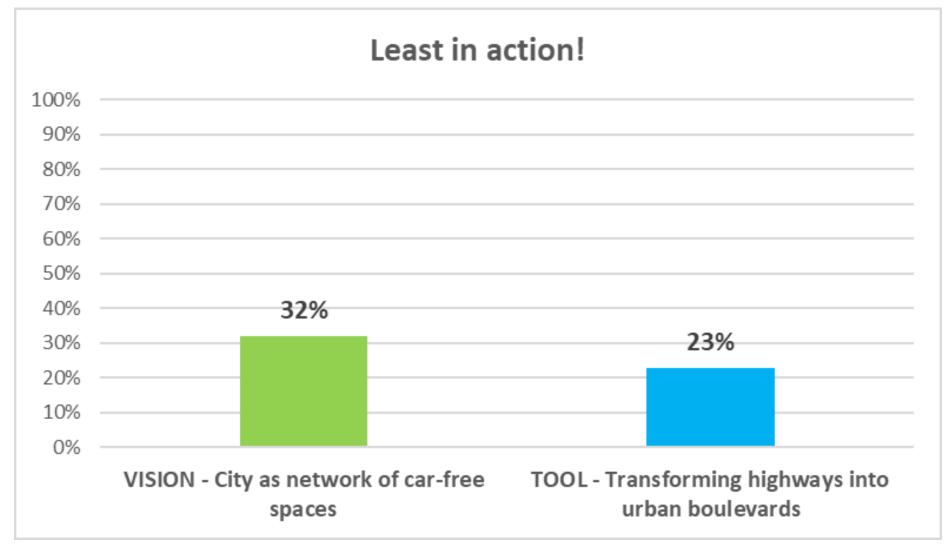




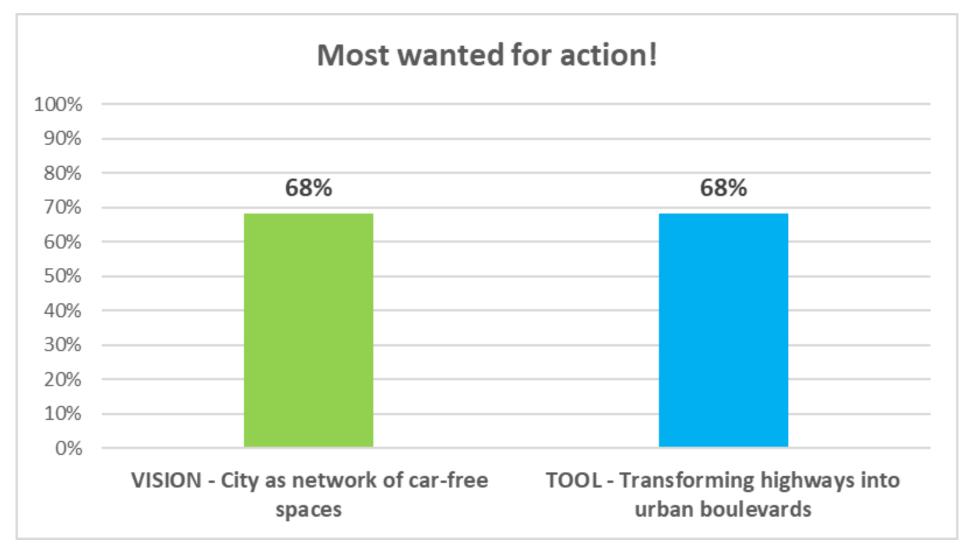
Which VISIONS and TOOLS are used the most already?



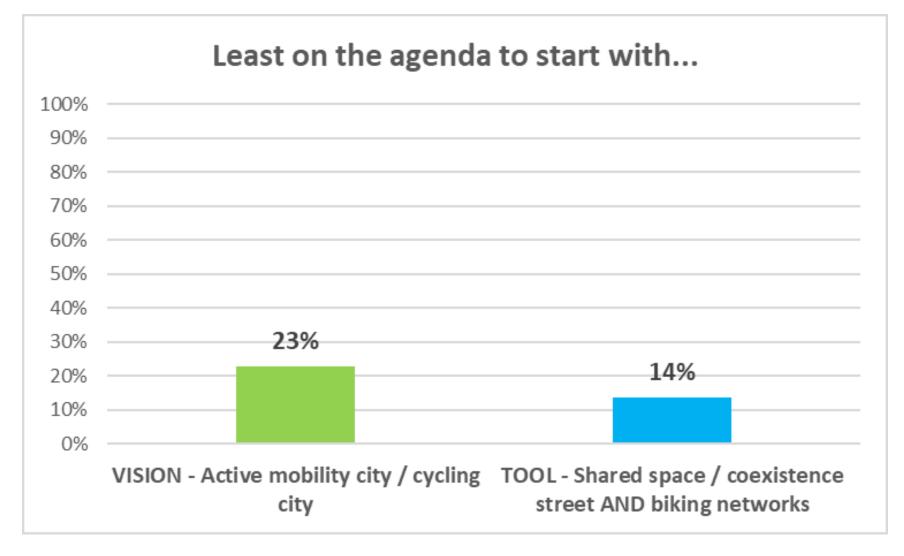
And which VISIONS and TOOLS are used the least for now?



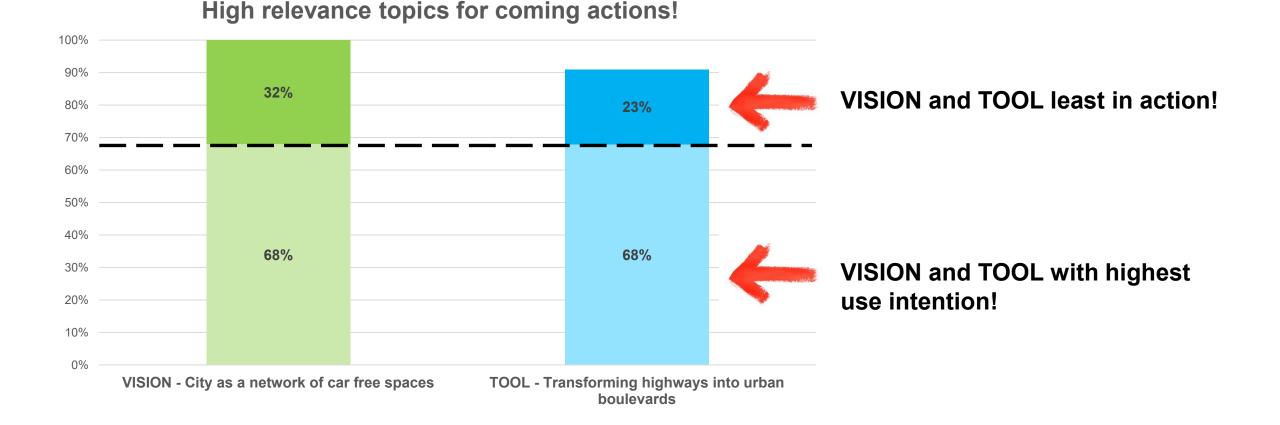
Which VISIONS and TOOLS are high on the agenda to start?



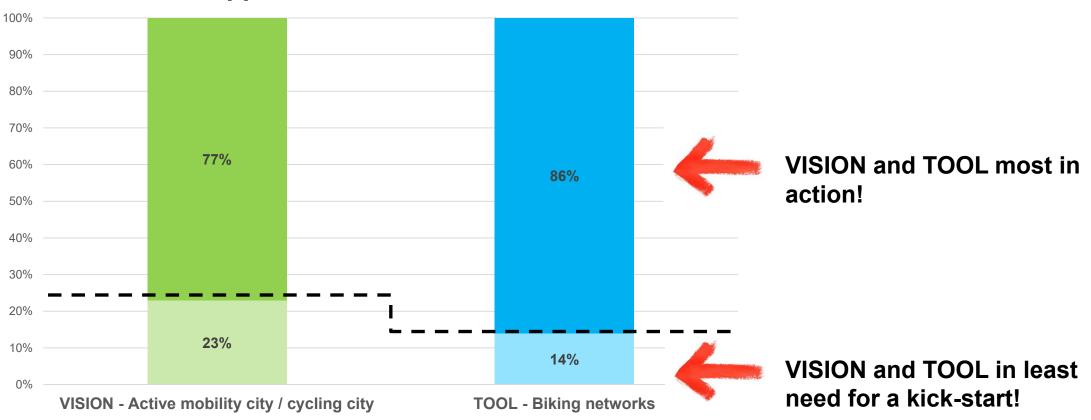
Which VISIONS and TOOLS are low on the agenda to start?



There is a correlation definitely...



There is a correlation definitely...



Well applied and rather saturated...

Let's do a list of popularity...

for VISIONS already in action!

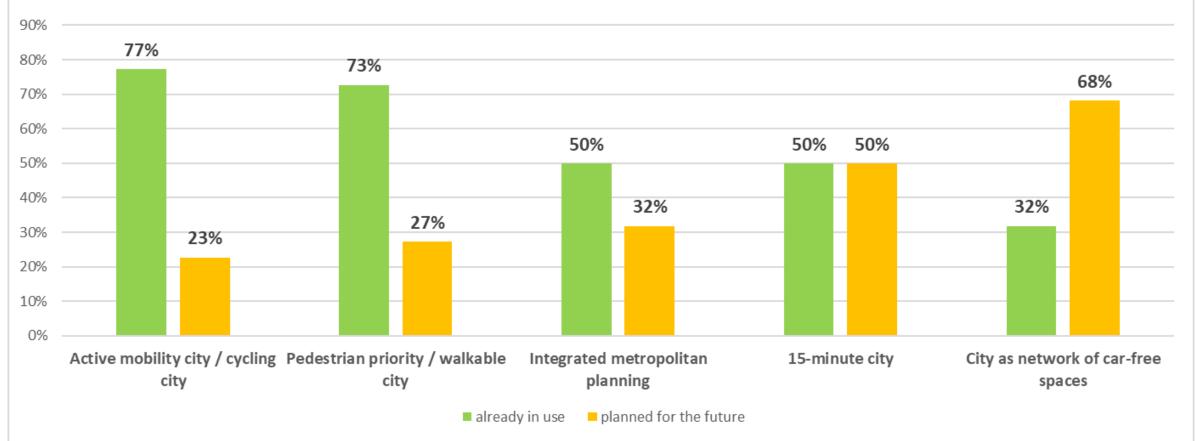
- Active mobility city / cycling city
 Pedestrian priority / walkable city
 73%
- 3. 15-min city 50%
- 4. Integrated metropolitan planning 50%
- 5. City as network of car-free spaces 32%

Let's do a list of popularity...

for VISIONS planned for future use!

1. City as network of car-free spaces	68%
2. 15-minute city	50%
3. Integrated metropolitan planning	32%
4. Pedestrian priority / walkable city	27%
5. Active mobility city / cycling city	23%

Use and intention of use for VISIONS



Let's do a list of popularity...

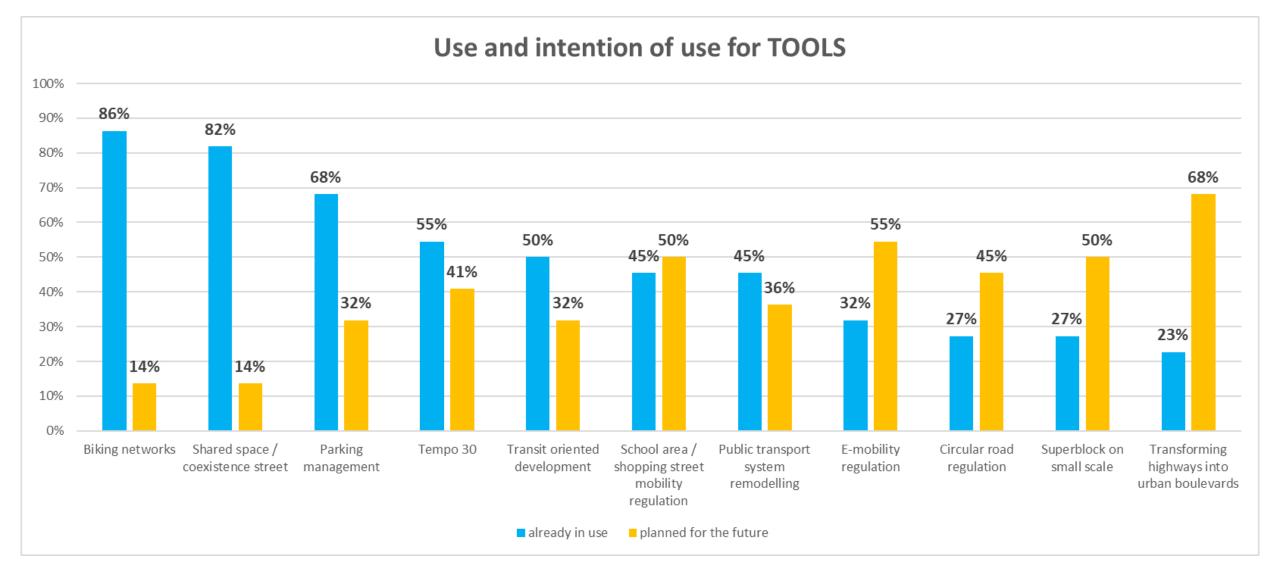
for TOOLS already in action!

1.	Biking networks	86%
2.	Shared space / coexistence street	82%
3.	Parking management	68%
4.	Tempo 30	55%
5.	Transit oriented development	50%
6.	School area / shopping street mobility regulation	45%
6.	Public transport system remodelling	45%
8.	E-mobility regulation	32%
9.	Circular road regulation	27%
9.	Superblock on small scale	27%
10.	Transforming highways into urban boulevards	23%

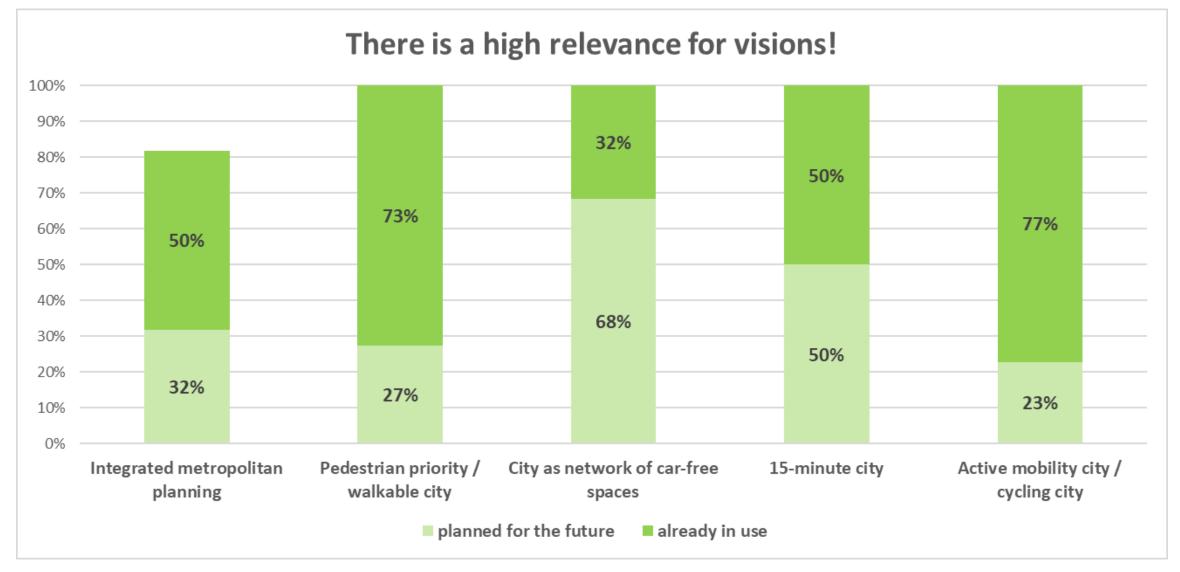
Let's do a list of popularity...

for TOOLS planned for future use!

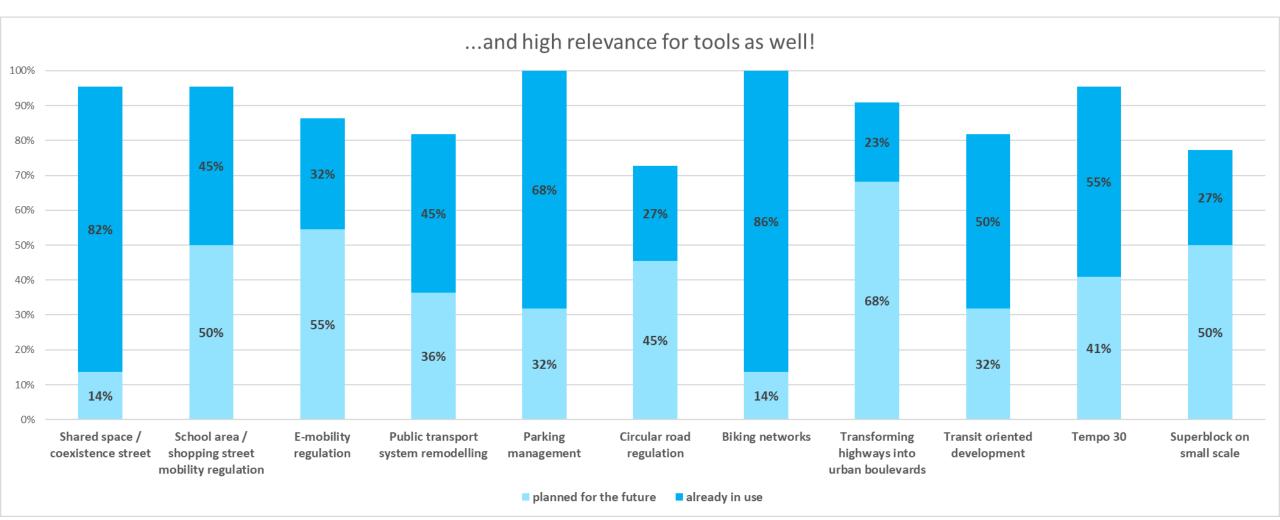
1.	Transforming highways into urban boulevards	68%
2.	E-mobility regulation	55%
3.	School area / shopping street mobility regulation	50%
4.	Superblock on small scale	50%
5.	Circular road regulation	45%
6.	Tempo 30	41%
7.	Public transport system remodelling	36%
8.	Parking management	32%
9.	Transit oriented development	32%
10.	Biking networks	14%
11.	Shared space / coexistence street	14%



So, what is the bigger picture?



So, what is the bigger picture?



- Small cities all lack regulations relating E-Mobility!
- ... and 4 out of 5 want to engage into this!
- They give more emphasis on School area / shopping street regulations
- ... and less on transit-oriented development

- All cities of 150.000 350.000 plan for a *city as network of car-free spaces!*
- They all apply Shared Space / co-existing streets as well as parking management!
- They all want to engage in *transforming highways into urban boulevards*!

- Cities of 500.000 1.000.000 work with more of the visions already than the average!
- They work less than the average on *parking management, shared space and co-existence streets!*
- But much more on *transforming highways into urban boulevards* already, *transit-oriented development* and *all* of them with *Tempo 30!*
- Parking management and shared space are high on the agenda, school area / shopping street regulation and superblock on small scale less than the average!

- Cities larger than 1.000.000 *all* work with the *vision of the 15-min city*!
- No city is active on transit-oriented development or school area / shopping street regulations or transforming highways into urban boulevards. But the latter is on everybody's agenda!
- *Bike networks*, and *shared spaces / co-existence streets* are less applied and considered less for future actions than the average!
- Superblocks and regulations on E-mobility see a higher take-up already!

How to find and adapt visions and tools for your city?

- identify the problem and get most possible evidence of its dimensions (Arad main road)
- clarify the links of the problem to the existing strategies of the city
- explore examples from other cities, about relevant visions and tools to handle the problem (visions such as city as network of car-free spaces; tools to calm down traffic in a street, reduce parking, improve active uses...)

- test the relevant examples for legal applicability in your city (TUTUR example: Bremen solution not possible in Timisoara)
- collect stakeholder positions, challenge and critically evaluate these (e.g. shop owners)
- **communicate widely** the potential interventions (concentrating on positive messages, not on the negative interpretations)
- select the discussion and decision making method (T30 Brussels: quick top-down political decision; local referendum with or without testing period; deliberative techniques...)

- explore **potential financial sources for implementation** (local, regional, national, EU programmes)
- establish institutional and financial conditions for long-term management

ACTORS IN THE GAME

 politicians, officers, consultants/experts, stakeholders, population groups

Little URBACT survey to partner cities

Collecting answers during the summer on two questions:

- how politicians can better be involved;
- how cities are handled by the national/regional level in the national Recovery and Resilience Programme

... and one more thing:

July 14 – Thriving Streets online masterclasses: 10:00 – 12:00 Sustainable urban logistics (Ian Wainwright) 13:00 – 14:30 Parking management (Claus Köllinger)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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